



SAMPLE TEST PAPER

1. A is tried for the murder of B by poison. The fact that before the death of B, A procured poison similar to that which was administered to B is
 - a) **Relevant**
 - b) Not relevant
 - c) Partly relevant
 - d) Neither relevant nor irrelevant

2. 'A' is accused of having stabbed 'B'. At the trial of 'A' for the above crime the following fact shall not be relevant
 - a) That A purchased a knife a few days earlier
 - b) That 'A' was seen trying to conceal a knife under mud near his house two days after the incident
 - c) **That 'A' is a known bad character of the locality**
 - d) That 'A' absconded immediately after the incident

3. In which case of it was held that 'identification parades' do not contravene Article 20(3) of the Constitution of India, which requires that no accused shall be compelled to be witness against himself?
 - a) **Peare Lal v. The State, AIR 1961 Cal 531**
 - b) Chandmal v. State of Rajasthan, AIR 1976 SC 917
 - c) Lakhanpal v. State of M.P., AIR 1979 SC 1620
 - d) Ram Avtar v. State (Delhi) Administration, AIR 1985 SC 1692

4. The Indian Evidence Act declares that anything said, done or written by any one of the conspirators is relevant to prove conspiracy, if it was in
 - a) Pursuance of their common intention
 - b) **Reference to their common intention**
 - c) Prosecution of their common intention
 - d) Redeeming their common intention

5. The accused was found in possession of documents apparently forged or prepared for the purpose. Which of the following holds true?
 - a) It proves the intention of the accused to commit forgery
 - b) **It does not prove the intention of the accused.**
 - c) It does not show the tendency to commit the crime
 - d) None of the above

6. In which case Section 27 of the Act was held to be constitutionally valid
 - a) **Deoman Upadhyay v. State of U.P.**



- b) Ahir Raja Khema v. State of Saurashtra
c) Subramania Goundan v. State of Madras
d) Nathu v. State of U.P.
7. Under which condition a Court may take into consideration the confession of one accused against himself and another person?
a) If they are tried jointly for the same offence
b) If they are tried jointly for different offences
c) If they are tried for the same offence but not jointly
d) If they are tried for different offences and not jointly
8. The constitution of India provides that there shall be a parliament for the union shall consist of which of the following?
a) The Council of states and the house of the people
b) The president and the Council of Ministers
c) The president and both houses of Parliament
d) The president, the Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers
9. The members to be nominated by the president of India in order to be a part of the Council of the state have to have special knowledge or practical experience in respect of which of the following matters ?
a) Literature, Art, social service and Science
b) Literature, Art and Science
c) Literature, science and social service
d) Art, social service and Science
10. Which of the following countries had been the source of Directive Principles of State Policy as have been enumerated under the constitution of India?
a) USSR
b) Ireland
c) USA
d) None of the above
11. Preamble to the Constitution of India
a) Is not a part of the Constitution.
b) Indicates the objectives to be achieved.
c) Indicates the source from which the Constitution derives its authority.
d) Is a source of authority of the Constitution of India.
12. One of the landmark judgements regarding right to press stated that Freedom of press is a part of Right to freedom of speech and expression and thus, it cannot



- be curtailed on unreasonable grounds. Identify the landmark case that passed such judgement
- a) Tata Press Ltd. V. MTNL
 - b) Bennett Coleman v. UOI**
 - c) Bobby Art International v. Om Pal Singh
 - d) All of the above
13. Which of the following amendment is related to the provision for early childhood care and education to children below the age 6 years?
- a) 42nd amendment act, 1976
 - b) 44th Amendment Act, 1978
 - c) 86th Amendment Act, 2002**
 - d) 97th Amendment Act, 2011
14. Public Interest Litigation for the enforcement of fundamental rights are very much included in which of the following articles of the Constitution of India?
- a) Article 14
 - b) Article 32**
 - c) Article 22
 - d) All of the above
15. Which of the following is not a Fundamental duty under Article 51A?
- a) To abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions
 - b) To value and preserve the rich heritage of our composite culture
 - c) To provide opportunity of education to the child below the age of six by his parent or guardian**
 - d) To have compassion for living creatures
16. In which of the following cases the Supreme Court of India awarded compensation to the petitioner because of the responsible conduct of the state authorities for the first time in history for violation of constitutional right
- a) People's Union for democratic rights v. Police Commissioner, Delhi Police Headquarter
 - b) Charanjit Kaur v. UOI
 - c) Rudal Shah v. State of Bihar**
 - d) Saheli v. Commissioner of police
17. Which of the following article provides for the procedure for impeachment of the President?
- a) Article 59
 - b) Article 60



- c) **Article 61**
- d) Article 62

18. In which of the following cases, it was laid down that there are two purposes behind the rule of res judicata: End of litigation and protection of individual from multiplication of litigation?

- a) **Gulam Abbas vs State of UP**
- b) Manohar lal vs Seth Hiralal
- c) Shetty vs Giridhar
- d) None of the above

19. Every pleading under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 must state

- a) Material facts as the basis of claim or defence
- b) Law or Legal pleas as the basis of claim or defence
- c) Evidence of alleged facts
- d) **All of the above**

20. A decree can be transferred for execution to another court

- a) If the judgement debtor actually and voluntarily resides or carries on business or personally works for gain, within the local limits of jurisdiction of such court
- b) If the judgement debtor has property sufficient to satisfy the decree within the local limits of jurisdiction of such court
- c) If the decree directs the sale or delivery of immovable property situated outside the local limits of jurisdiction of such court
- d) **All of the above**

21. A decree may be executed under CPC

- a) By the court which passed it
- b) By the court to which it is sent for execution
- c) **Both a and b**
- d) Only a

22. Under Order 22 Rule 4-A, if a party dies during the pendency of suit and there is no legal representative of the party then

- a) The proceedings shall not abate, if the other party has no objection
- b) The proceedings shall abate
- c) **The court may appoint the Administrator General and continue with the suit**
- d) None of the above

23. For transfer of a suit from one court to another by defendant where both the courts are subordinate to different High Courts, the application lies to



- a) State Government
b) Supreme Court
c) High Court in whose jurisdiction the court in which suit is brought is situated
d) To any of the two of High Courts
24. Will a foreign judgment, delivered by a court having jurisdiction in the matter, operate as res judicata?
a) Yes
b) No
c) Depends upon the case
d) it can never operate as res judicata
25. Which provision of Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 debar a tenant from filing interpleader suit against his landlord?
a) Section 88
b) Order XXXV Rule 3
c) Order XXXV Rule 4
d) None of these
26. When the defendant is absent at the time when service of summons is sought to be affected on him at his residence, there being no likelihood of his availability within reasonable time and in absence of an empowered agent, the service may be made on
a) any adult male member of his family
b) any adult female member of his family
c) a servant engaged by the defendant at his residence
d) Both a and b
27. In which one of the following sections of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 the 'Cognizable Offence' has been defined?
a) Section 2(a)
b) Section 2(c)
c) Section 2(i)
d) Section 2(b)
28. Permission to investigate into a non-cognizable offence under CrPC can be granted by a
a) Magistrate in any part of India
b) Magistrate having jurisdiction to try the case
c) Sessions Court
d) Magistrate in any part of state



29. In an FIR, an offence is cognizable and other is non-cognizable, the whole case shall be deemed to be
- a) Non-cognizable
 - b) Cognizable**
 - c) It is to be seen whether it is a warrant case
 - d) None
30. Recording of pre-summoning evidence may be dispensed with under section 200 CrPC
- a) If the Complaint is supported by the affidavit of the complainant
 - b) If the complainant is a senior citizen
 - c) If the complaint is made in writing by a public servant in the discharge of his official duties**
 - d) All of these
31. Which of the following section of CrPC, 1973 has been amended by Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2018?
- a) Section 183
 - b) Section 163
 - c) Section 173**
 - d) Section 193
32. After investigation pertaining to an offence of murder, the police files' a cancellation report. The report can be accepted only by
- a) The Court of sessions
 - b) The Magistrate**
 - c) The High Court
 - d) None of the above
33. Which section of CrPC applies when officer-in charge of police station receives information that the person has committed suicide, he will immediately report to the executive magistrate?
- a) Section 173
 - b) Section 169
 - c) Section 178
 - d) Section 174**
34. A Magistrate may take cognizance of an offence under Crpc
- a) On private complaint
 - b) On police report



- c) Suo motu
- d) **All the above**

35. The Court can record demeanour of a witness under which Section of CrPC?

- a) **Section 280**
- b) Section 279
- c) Section 278
- d) Section 281

36. Section 138 to 142 under the NI Act, 1881, were inserted by

- a) **Banking, Public Financial Institutions and Negotiable Instruments Laws (Amendment) Act, 1988**
- b) Negotiable Instrument Amendment Act, 2002
- c) Negotiable Instrument Laws (Amendment) Act, 2002
- d) None of the above

37. It shall be presumed, unless contrary is proved, that the holder of a cheque received the cheque of the nature referred to in Section 138 for the discharge

- a) In whole of any debt or other liability
- b) Part of any debt or other liability
- c) **In whole or in part, of any debt or other liability**
- d) None of the above

38. Non-compliance of which of the following orders passed under the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 is an offence?

- a) Maintenance order
- b) Custody order
- c) Residence order
- d) **Protection order**

39. According to the provisions of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015, who among the following shall constitute Juvenile Justice Boards?

- a) High Court
- b) District Court
- c) **State Government**
- d) Central Government

40. Which among the following principles are to be followed by the Government, Board and other agencies for care and protection of children:

- a) **principle of dignity and worth**

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- b) principle of waiver of right
- c) principle of non-participation
- d) All of the Above

41. Whoever commits sexual assault on a child and makes the child to strip or parade naked in public

- a) **shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine**
- b) shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than six years but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine
- c) shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than ten years but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine
- d) none of these

42. The offence under the POCSO Act, 2012 can be reported by

- a) The child
- b) Any person
- c) **Both a and b**
- d) None of the above

43. Generally, the Probation officers are appointed by the?

- a) Supreme court
- b) High court
- c) **State government**
- d) Collector

44. According to Section 8 of the Probation of Offenders Act, 1958, the Court may vary the conditions of probation on the:

- a) Request of police officer
- b) Application of police officer
- c) **Application of probation officer**
- d) Either b or c

45. Which of the following methods may be used by tenant to make payment of rent under Section 5 of the Rajasthan Rent Control Act, 2001?

- a) By personal payment, by cash, by cheque or by bank draft;
- b) By payment in bank account as may be specified by the landlord;
- c) By remitting through postal money order;



d) Either a or b or c

46. In the absence of any agreement to the contrary, the rent of the premises let out after the commencement of the Rajasthan Rent Control Act, 2001, shall be liable to be increased at the rate of _____ per annum.

- a) 5%
- b) 7%
- c) 7.5%
- d) 9.5%

47. As per Section 7(2) of the Rajasthan Rent Control Act, 2001 any agreement for increase of rent in excess of 5% per annum shall be

- a) Valid
- b) Void
- c) Voidable
- d) **Void to that extent**

48. Chapter III of Rajasthan Rent Control Act, 2001 deals with which of the following?

- a) Revision of Rent
- b) **Tenancy**
- c) Definitions
- d) None of the above

49. According to the provisions of the Rajasthan Rent Control Act, 2001, permission for limited period tenancy for the same premises shall not be granted for more than

- a) Two times
- b) **Three times**
- c) Five times
- d) No fixed limit

50. The complaint of sexual harassment as per Section 9 of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition, and Redressal) Act 2013 has to be filed within

- a) **Three months**
- b) Four months
- c) Five months
- d) Six months



51. The Sexual Harassment Complaints Committee as per the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition, and Redressal) Act 2013 is required to complete the inquiry within a period of
- a) 30 days
 - b) 45 days
 - c) 60 days
 - d) 90 days**
52. Any person who contravenes the provisions of Section 3 and 4 of The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986, shall be punishable with-
- a) Imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years on first time contravention
 - b) Imprisonment which is not less than 6 months but which may extend to five years and fine on second time contravention
 - c) Both a and b**
 - d) None of the above
53. For a suit filed by or on behalf of Central Government or any State Government, the period of limitation is
- a) one year
 - b) three years
 - c) twelve years
 - d) thirty years**
54. Nothing is an interruption within the meaning of the section 25 of the Limitation Act, 1963 unless there is an actual discontinuance of the possession or enjoyment by reason of an obstruction the act of some person other than the claimant and unless such obstruction is submitted to or acquiesced for _____ after the claimant has notice thereof and of the person making or authorizing the same to be made.
- a) 1 year**
 - b) 2 years
 - c) 3 years
 - d) 4 years
55. Rule of ejusdem generic is applicable when _____?
- a) Specific word follow general words
 - b) General word follows specific words**
 - c) Either (a) or (b)
 - d) Both (a) and (b)



56. The minimum number of persons required to commit a dacoity are?
- Two
 - Five**
 - Three
 - No minimum number
57. A abetted B to kill D. B killed D in presence of A. By virtue of which section of the Indian Penal Code, it will be held as if A had killed Digambar?
- Section 116
 - Section 117
 - Section 114**
 - Section 113
58. In which of the following cases the offence of criminal breach of trust will be said to have been committed?
- A received rupees 5,000 from B for keeping in safe custody. A invests the money in his own business. After a year, B demands his money back which is promptly returned back by A.
 - A had left his box in B's house and the latter refused to allow A to remove the box unless debt due to B by A was paid.
 - Husband's refusal to return stridhan to his wife in case of divorce between them**
 - None of the above
59. A meets Z on the high road, shows a pistol, and demands Z's purse. Z, in consequence, surrenders his purse. Which of the following offences have been committed by A?
- Assault
 - Extortion
 - Robbery**
 - Theft
60. A causes cattle to enter upon a field belonging to Z, intending to cause and knowing that he is likely to cause damage to Z's crop. Which of the following offences have been committed by A?
- Public Nuisance
 - Criminal Breach of trust
 - Criminal Misappropriation of property
 - Mischief**
61. Voluntarily causing simple hurt by dangerous weapon has been made punishable in the I.P.C. under



- a) Section 323
- b) Section 324**
- c) Section 325
- d) Section 326

62. 'Z' is riding in a chariot. 'A' lashes Z's horses, and thereby causes them to quicken their pace. What offence 'A' has committed under the Indian Penal Code?

- a) Offence under the Prevention of Certain Animals Act
- b) No offence, because causing horses to quicken their speed is not an offence
- c) While inducing the animals (horses) to change their motion, 'A' used criminal force against 'Z'
- d) While inducing the animals (horses) to change their motion, 'A' used force against 'Z'**

63. Theory of retribution

- a) is a theory in which exemplary punishment shall be given to criminal
- b) is a theory that a criminal should be punished in proportion to his offence**
- c) is a theory in which the criminal must be reformed
- d) is a theory in which criminal should be sent to open jail.

64. In which alternative out of the following there are only inchoate offences

- a) Abetment, Conspiracy, Bigamy
- b) Abetment, Conspiracy, Attempt**
- c) Conspiracy, Attempt, Bigamy
- d) Kidnapping, Abetment, Sedition

65. What punishment is provided under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 for malignant act likely to spread infection of disease dangerous to life?

- a) Imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine or with both.**
- b) Imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, and shall also be liable to fine.
- c) Imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to ten years, and shall also be liable to fine.
- d) Imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine or with both.

66. Which type of notice is contemplated by Section 3 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882?

- a) Actual notice
- b) Constructive Notice**

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c) **Both a and b**

d) Only b

67. In which of the following cases, a transfer of immovable property can be made without writing?

a) Lease for a term of 11 months

b) Exchange

c) Actionable claim

d) **None of the above**

68. A contract may be vitiated by

1. Fraud

2. Mistake

3. Frustration

4. Undue Influence

a) Only 1 is correct

b) Only 1 and 2 are correct

c) Only 1, 2 and 3 are correct

d) **All are correct**

69. An agreement entered into by a Minor under Indian Contract Act, 1872 is

a) Valid

b) **Void ab initio**

c) Void

d) Voidable

70. Which of the following Sections of Indian Contract Act, 1872 incorporates Surety's right to subrogation?

a) Section 139

b) **Section 140**

c) Section 141

d) Section 142

71. Mark the correct passive voice for the given sentence. Did you visit a zoo?

a) Was a zoo being visited by you

b) Was a zoo be visited by you

c) Was a zoo been visited by you

d) **Was a zoo visited by you**

72. Weal and woe means

a) All the happiness



b) Joy and sorrow

- c) To be very quick
- d) None of the above

73. One must not be _____ by failure as it is the stepping stone towards success

- a) Dishonest
- b) Influenced
- c) Hapless
- d) Discouraged**

74. She is very _____ in knitting and poetry

- a) Well-versed
- b) Talented**
- c) Poor
- d) Knowledgeable

75. _____ the food to protect it from flies

- a) Cover**
- b) Eat
- c) Throw
- d) Use

76. I have come without _____ umbrella

- a) An**
- b) The
- c) A
- d) As

77. The grass is wet because it _____ raining all day long

- a) Is
- b) Since
- c) For
- d) Was**

78. Mark the correct passive voice for the given sentence. Peter gave me flowers on my birthday.

- a) The flowers were given by Peter to me on my birthday
- b) I have been given flowers by Peter on my birthday
- c) Peter have been giving flowers on my birthday
- d) I was given flowers by Peter on my birthday**



79. Mark the correct indirect speech for the given sentence. Please don't be late.
- a) **He asked her not to be late**
 - b) He requested her not to be late
 - c) He commanded her not to be late
 - d) He said that she was always late
80. Mark the correct synonym for the word Virtuous
- a) **Ethical**
 - b) Chaste
 - c) Modest
 - d) Unethical
81. Mark the correct antonym for the word Humane
- a) Uncultured
 - b) **Unsympathetic**
 - c) Uncivilized
 - d) Uncompromising
82. At the eleventh hour, Mridul arrived and saved him from the crisis. Here the phrase 'at the eleventh hour' means
- a) One hour before twelve
 - b) Right at the end
 - c) **At the last minute**
 - d) When in trouble
83. Fill in the blanks with the correct verb. Could you switch _____ the TV? The Cricket match is about to start.
- a) **On**
 - b) Off
 - c) Out
 - d) Back
84. Within a few minutes the jury gave _____ verdict. Fill in the blanks with the correct pronoun.
- a) Their
 - b) There
 - c) **Its**
 - d) None of the above
85. Strike while the iron is hot. Mark the correct meaning of the given proverb.
- a) **Make the most of present opportunities**



- b) It is never too late to improve
- c) Only practice will bring success
- d) None of the above

86. निम्न में से कौन-सा शब्द-युग्म अर्थ की दृष्टि से त्रुटिपूर्ण है-

- a) अंश-भाग
अंस-कंधा
- b) अकथ-बिना कहे
अथक-बिना थके
- c) **अचर-बिना चरे**
अचिर-चिर काल तक
- d) अचल-स्थिर
अचला-पृथ्वी

87. निम्न में से कौन-सा शब्द प्रशासनिक शब्दावली का है-

- a) खाता
- b) **स्वायत्ता**
- c) उपग्रह
- d) निविदा

88. शुद्ध वर्तनी का चयन कीजिए

- a) सर्वोत्तम
- b) संसारिक
- c) **स्तोत**
- d) कीर्ति

89. निम्न में से किस शब्द का संधि-विच्छेद त्रुटिपूर्ण है

- a) **खटमल - खट+मल**
- b) गवीश - गो+ईश
- c) गिरीश - गिरी + ईश
- d) घुड़दौड़ - घोडा+दौड़

90. निम्न शब्द में उपसर्ग नहीं है

- a) अपवार
- b) पराजय
- c) प्रभाव
- d) **ओढ़ना**

91. निम्न में से कौन-सा तत्पुरुष समास का उदहारण नहीं है



- a) कन्यादान
- b) विधार्थी
- c) गोशाला
- d) **धर्मधर्म**

92. 'आतिशबाजी' किस भाषा का शब्द है

- a) अरबी
- b) **फ़ारसी**
- c) हिंदी
- d) अंग्रेजी

93. निम्न में से किस एक वाक्य में किर्या-विशेषण प्रयुक्त हुआ है

- a) **वह धीरे से बोलता है**
- b) वह काला कुत्ता है
- c) रमेश तेज धावक है
- d) सत्य वाणी सुन्दर होती है

94. निम्न में से कौन-सा 'कामदेव' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है

- a) मदन
- b) मनोज
- c) स्मर
- d) **स्कन्द**

95. 'नीरस' शब्द का विलोम है

- a) **सरस**
- b) अरस
- c) विरस
- d) रसीला

96. निम्न में से कौन-सा वाक्य शुद्ध नहीं है

- a) **मुझे बड़ी भूख लगी है**
- b) राजेश आगामी बुधवार को आएगा
- c) दूध का अभाव चिंताजनक है
- d) इनमें से कोई नहीं

97. निम्न में से किस मुहावरे का अभिप्राय गलत है

- a) चलता पुर्जा-काफी चालक
- b) घर का मर्द-बाहर डरपोक
- c) **गंगा लाभ होना-अधिक लाभ होना**



d) चाचा बनना-दण्ड देना

98. 'उपाय वही सफल और श्रेष्ठ है जिसका लोहा विरोधी को भी मानना पड़े' के लिए सही लोकोक्ति है

- a) आधा तीतर आधा बटेर
- b) चमत्कार को नमस्कार
- c) **जादू वही जो सर चढ़ कर बोले**
- d) इनमें से कोई नहीं

99. किस वाक्य में 'अच्छा' शब्द का प्रयोग विशेषण के रूप में हुआ है

- a) तुमने अच्छा किया जो आ गये।
- b) **यह स्थान बहुत अच्छा है।**
- c) अच्छा, तुम घर जाओ।
- d) अच्छा है, वह अभी आ जाए।

100. निम्न में से किस वाक्य में सही चिन्ह का उपयोग नहीं हुआ है

- a) फलो में आम को सर्वश्रेष्ठ फल माना गया है।
- b) **हानि, लाभ तो जीवन में होते रहते है।**
- c) तुलसीदास कृत 'रामचरितमानस' एक अनुषम कृति है।
- d) मै जो कहता हूँ, ध्यान लगाकर सुनो।